Tamkang University Academic Year 103, 2nd Semester Course Syllabus

Course Title	REGIONALISM IN SOUTHEAST ASIA	Instructor	SHEE POON KHIM
Course Class	TQGXB2A DEPARTMENT OF GLOBAL POLITICS AND ECONOMICS (ENGLISH-TAUGHT PROGRAM), 2A	Details	◆ Selective◆ One Semester◆ 2 Credits

Departmental Aim of Education

To be equipped with a basic knowledge of economics and political science, to develop confidence in communicating professionally and academically in English in matters related to the global political economy; to acquire the capability to conduct further research individually and collectively with others; and ultimately to prepare oneself to become professionals and leaders with a global perspective for the international arena.

Departmental core competences

- A. Provide essential analytical abilities in the area of politics and economics
- B. Provide knowledge and skills to understand the current global issues
- C. Develop a high level of proficiency in verbal and written English required in the course of study and for communication purposes
- D. Develop ability to pursue research independently as well as in teams
- E. Provide basic knowledge on Taiwan's political and economic development

Course Introduction

(英) The main aim of this course is to provide students with the knowledge to understand the growing importance of economic regionalism in Southeast Asia, particularly in view of the creation of an ASEAN Free Trade Area in 2010 and an ASEAN Economic Community in 2015. The course begins with an introduction of the basic concepts and theories of regionalism, followed by an analysis of the evolution of ASEAN since 1967, ASEAN's external relations with China, Japan and the South China Sea conflicts, etc.

The Relevance among Teaching Objectives, Objective Levels and Departmental core competences

P6-Origination

I.Objective Levels (select applicable ones):

(i) Cognitive Domain : C1-Remembering, C2-Understanding, C3-Applying, C4-Analyzing, C5-Evaluating, C6-Creating

(ii) Psychomotor Domain: P1-Imitation, P2-Mechanism, P3-Independent Operation,

P4-Linked Operation, P5-Automation,

(iii) Affective Domain : A1-Receiving, A2-Responding, A3-Valuing, A4-Organizing, A5-Charaterizing, A6-Implementing

II.The Relevance among Teaching Objectives, Objective Levels and Departmental core competences:

- (i) Determine the objective level(s) in any one of the three learning domains (cognitive, psychomotor, and affective) corresponding to the teaching objective. Each objective should correspond to the objective level(s) of ONLY ONE of the three domains.
- (ii) If more than one objective levels are applicable for each learning domain, select the highest one only. (For example, if the objective levels for Cognitive Domain include C3,C5, and C6, select C6 only and fill it in the boxes below. The same rule applies to Psychomotor Domain and Affective Domain.)
- (iii) Determine the Departmental core competences that correspond to each teaching objective. Each objective may correspond to one or more Departmental core competences at a time. (For example, if one objective corresponds to three Departmental core competences: A,AD, and BEF, list all of the three in the box.)

	Teaching Objectives		Relevance	
No.			Departmental core competences	
1	1) To introduce concepts and theories of regionalism to students	C4	ABCD	
	2) To apply theories of regionalism to case studies in Southeast Asia			
	3) To study regional institutions (ASEAN)			
	4) To study ASEAN's external relations (China and Japan)			

Teaching Objectives, Teaching Methods and Assessment

No.	Teaching Objectives	Teaching Methods	Assessment
1	1) To introduce concepts and theories of regionalism to students 2) To apply theories of regionalism to case studies in Southeast Asia 3) To study regional institutions (ASEAN) 4) To study ASEAN's external relations (China and Japan)	Lecture, Discussion	Report, Participation

Essential Qualities of TKU Students		Qualities of TKU Students	Descript	ion	
◆ A global perspective		pective	Helping students develop a broader perspective from which to understand international affairs and global development.		
◇ Information literacy		teracy	Becoming adept at using information technology and learning the proper way to process information.		
◆ A vision for the future		e future	Understanding self-growth, social change, and technological development so as to gain the skills necessary to bring about one's future vision.		
		у	Learning how to interact with others, practicing empathy and caring for others, and constructing moral principles with which to solve ethical problems.		
◆ Independent thinking		thinking		Encouraging students to keenly observe and seek out the source of their problems, and to think logically and critically.	
A cheerful attitude and healthy lifestyle		tude and healthy lifestyle		Raising an awareness of the fine balance between one's body and soul and the environment; helping students live a meaningful life.	
A spirit of teamwork and dedication		nwork and dedication		Improving one's ability to communicate and cooperate so as to integrate resources, collaborate with others, and solve	
♦ A sense of aesthetic appreciation		thetic appreciation	Equipping students with the ability to sense and appreciate aesthetic beauty, to express themselves clearly, and to enjoy the creative process.		
			Course Schedule		
Week	Date	Subject/Topics Note		Note	
1	104/02/24 ~ 104/03/01	Introduction: Contents and Requirements			
2	104/03/02 ~ 104/03/08	Why is it necessary to study Southeast Asian Regionalism?			
3	104/03/09 ~ 104/03/15	Regional Political and Economic Development in Southeast Asia: 1940s to 1960s			
4	104/03/16 ~ 104/03/22	The Evolution of the Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) 1967-1990s			
5	104/03/23 ~ 104/03/29	Concepts of Regionalism: Economic Cooperation and Integration			
6	104/03/30 ~ 104/04/05	Theories of Economic Regionalism: Cooperation and Integration			
7	104/04/06 ~ 104/04/12	The ASEAN Economic Community (AEC) in the 21st Century: Issues and Challenges			
	104/04/13 ~ 104/04/19	Issues of the ASEAN Security	y Community (ASC)		
8	20 ., 0 ., 23	ASEAN's Multi-lateral Security Mechanism: ASEAN Regional Forum: 1994-2014			

10	104/04/27 ~ 104/05/03	Midterm Exam Week		
11 104/05/04 ~ 104/05/10		Greater Mekong Subregional Development (GMS)		
12	104/05/11 ~ 104/05/17	The East Asian Summit (EAS) 2005-2014 and the Regional Comprehensive Economic Partnership (RCEP)		
13	104/05/18 ~ 104/05/24	The South China Sea Territorial Disputes: Can the Conflicts be Resolved?		
14	104/05/25 ~ 104/05/31	China and ASEAN: a) Political Relations: 1967 to the 1990s		
15	104/06/01 ~ 104/06/07	China and ASEAN: b) Economic Relations: 2000-2014		
16	104/06/08 ~ 104/06/14	Japan and Southeast Asia: Goals, Strategies and Issues		
17	104/06/15 ~ 104/06/21	Japan and Southeast Asia: Evolution and Changes		
18	104/06/22 ~ 104/06/28	Final Exam Week		
Re	equirement			
Teaching Facility		Computer, Projector, Other (PowerPoints and Notes)		
Textbook(s)		Amitav Acharya, (2013) The making of Southeast Asia: international relations of a region		
R	eference(s)	Nicholas Tarling, Regionalism in Southeast Asia: to foster the political will (New York: Routledge) 2. Seng Tan, Regionalism in Asia: Critical Issues in Modern Politics		
Number of Assignment(s)		(Filled in by assignment instructor only)		
Grading Policy		 ◆ Attendance: 5.0 % ◆ Mark of Usual: 5.0 % ◆ Midterm Exam: 50.0 % ◆ Final Exam: 40.0 % ◆ Other ⟨ ⟩: % 		
Note		This syllabus may be uploaded at the website of Course Syllabus Management System at http://info.ais.tku.edu.tw/csp or through the link of Course Syllabus Upload posted on the home page of TKU Office of Academic Affairs at http://www.acad.tku.edu.tw/CS/main.php . ** Unauthorized photocopying is illegal. Using original textbooks is advised. It is a crime to improperly photocopy others' publications.		

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